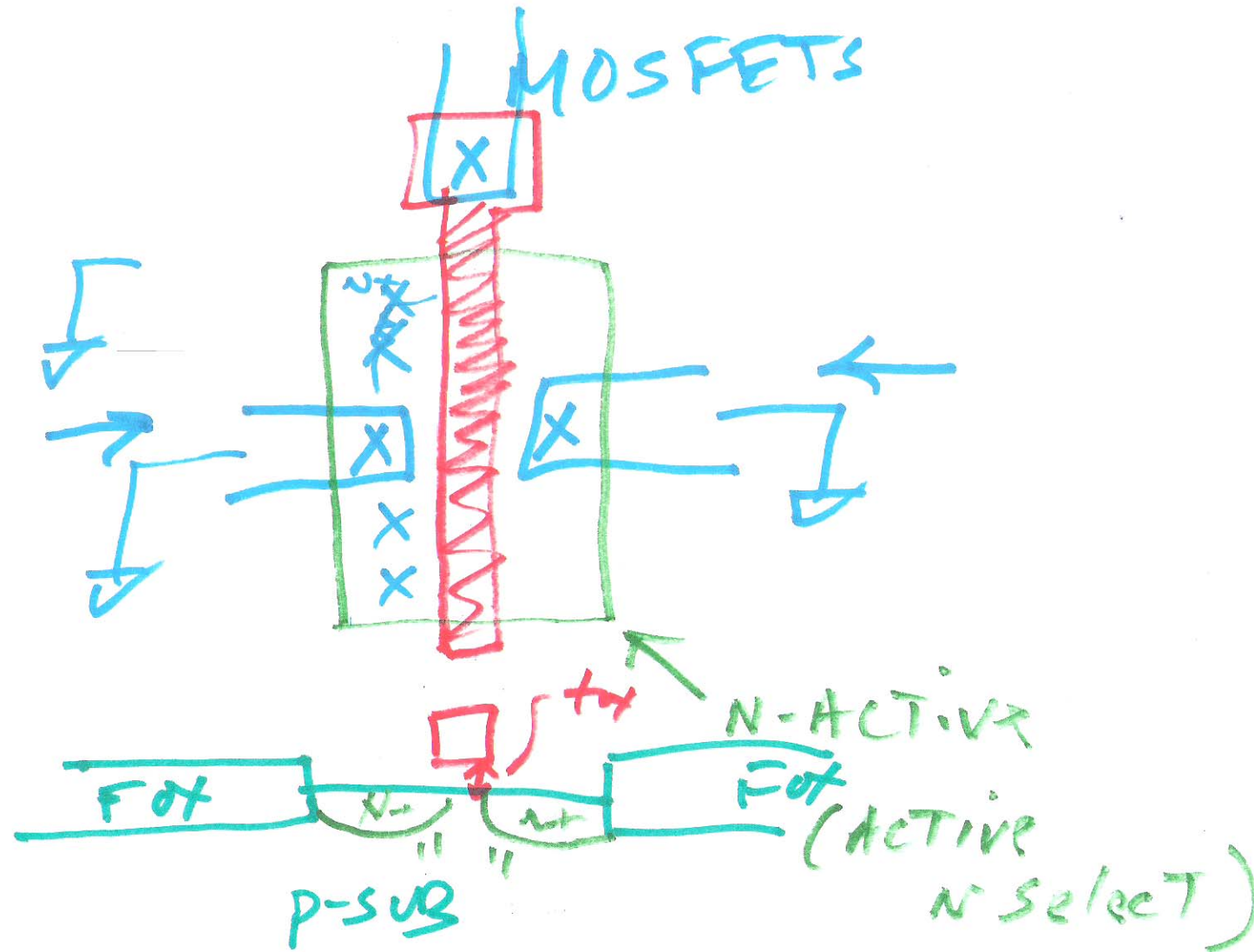
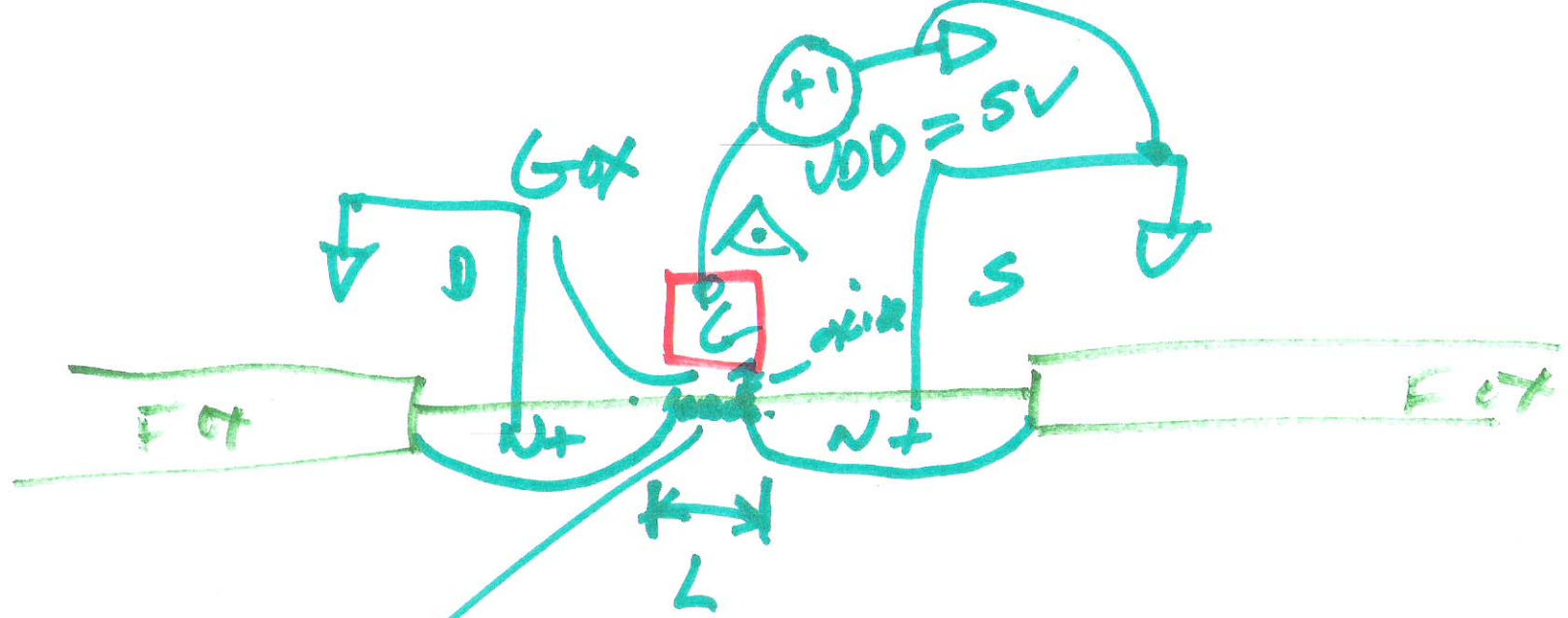


OCT. 6, 2014

Lecture 12





$P = SUB$

Inverted

strong inversion!

$$C_{ox}' = \frac{\epsilon_{ox}}{t_{ox}} = \frac{3.97 \cdot 8.85 \text{ aF}/\mu\text{m}}{0.0139 \mu\text{m}}$$

$$= 2.5 \text{ fF}/\mu\text{m}^2$$

$$\frac{1}{C} = \frac{\epsilon_{ox} \cdot L \cdot W}{t_{ox} \cdot C_{ox}'}$$

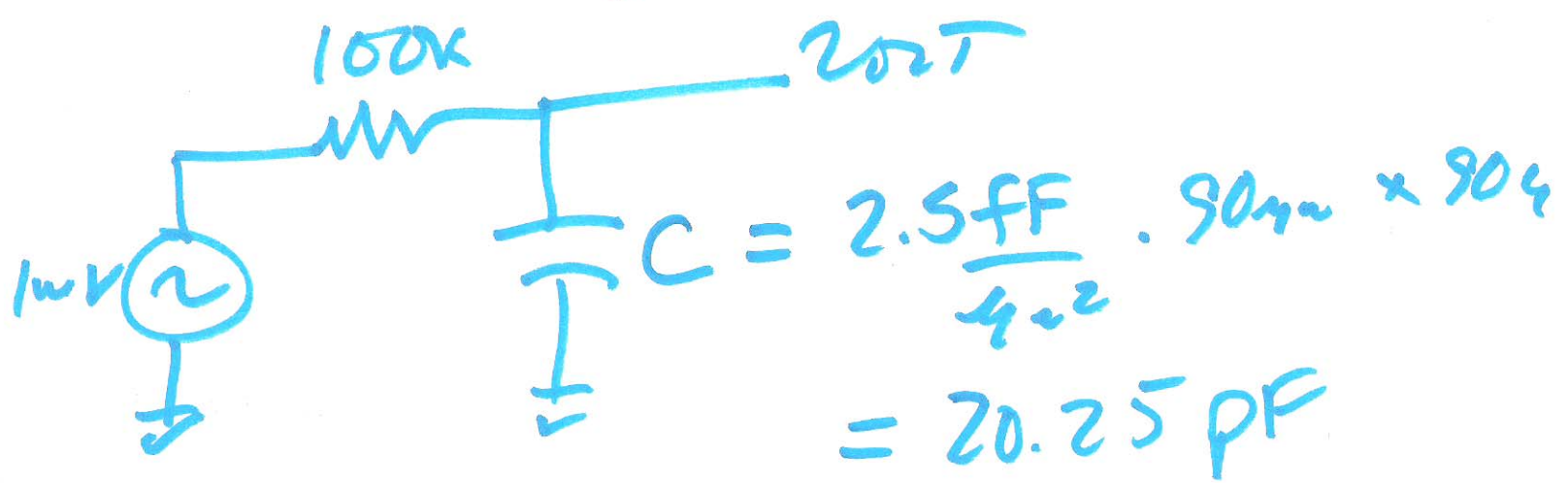
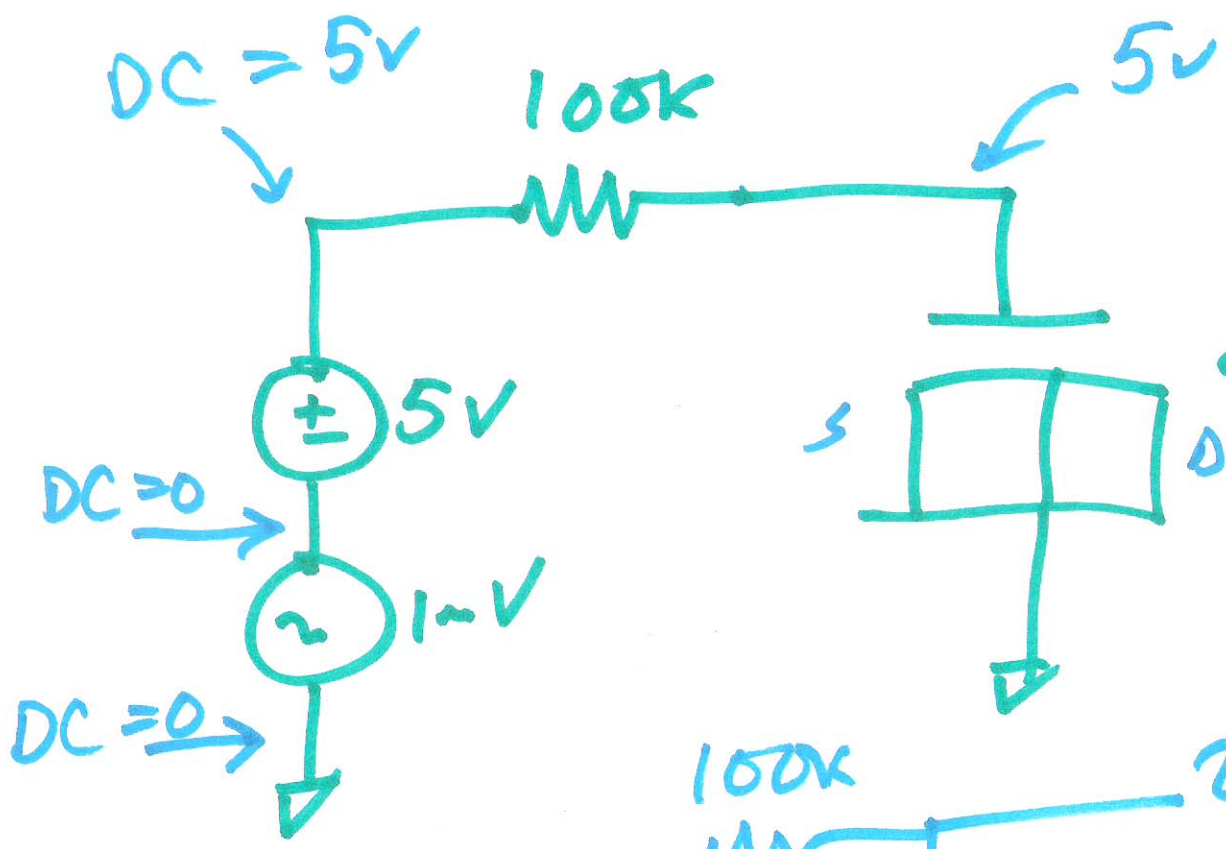
$S, D, B$

2)

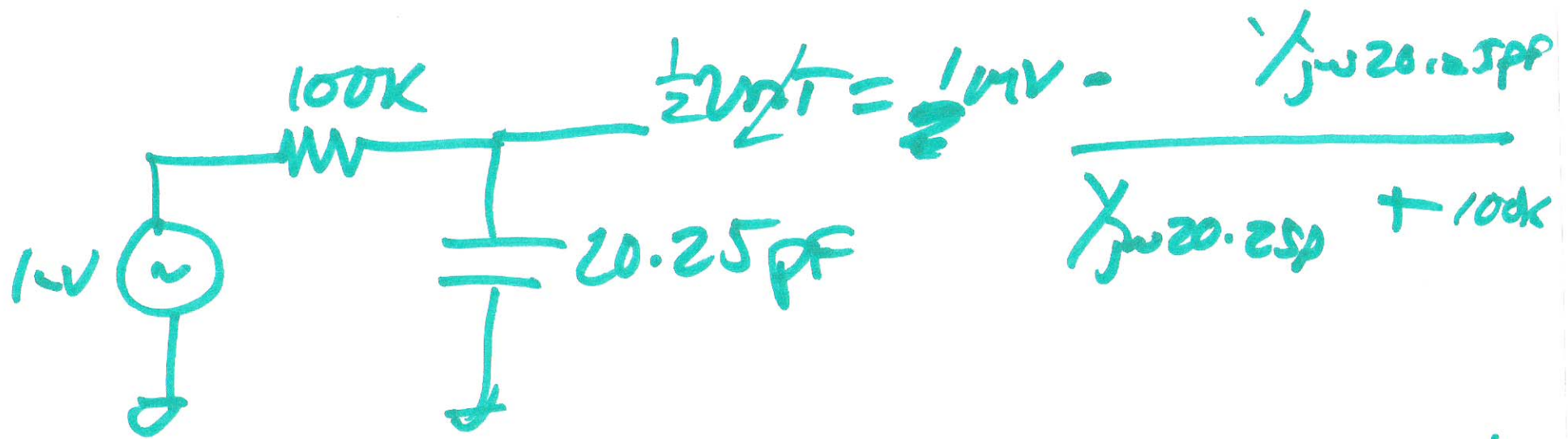
when does  $v_{out} =$

$$\frac{1}{2} \mu V?$$

@ what  $f$



3)



$$\left| \frac{1}{2} \right| = \left| \frac{1}{1 + j 2\pi f (100k - 20.25pF)} \right|$$

what I am  $10^{-7}$   $2.025 \times 10^{-6}$   
 trying to find

$$\frac{1}{2} = \sqrt{1 + (2\pi f 2.025e-6)^2}$$

4)

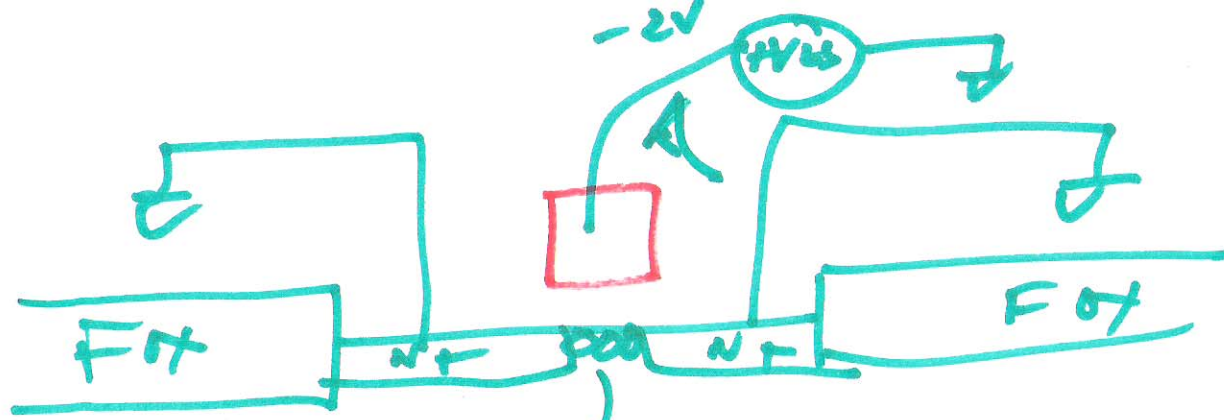
$$1 + (2\pi f \cdot 2.025e-6)^2 = 4$$

$$2\pi f \cdot 2.025e-6 = \sqrt{3}$$

$$f = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6.28 \cdot 2.025e-6}$$

$$f = 136.2 \text{ kHz}$$

S)



P-SUB

Accumulation

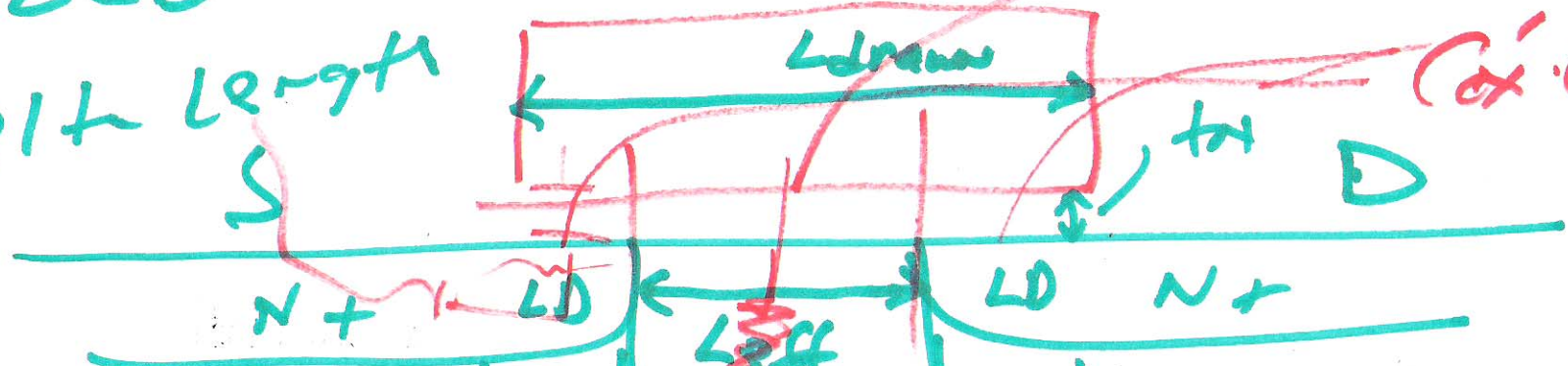
$$I_{\text{drawn}} = I_{\text{eff}} + 2I_D$$

$$DL = 2LD$$

delta length

$$C_{ox}' \cdot W \cdot L_{\text{eff}}$$

$$C_{ox}' \cdot W \cdot LD$$



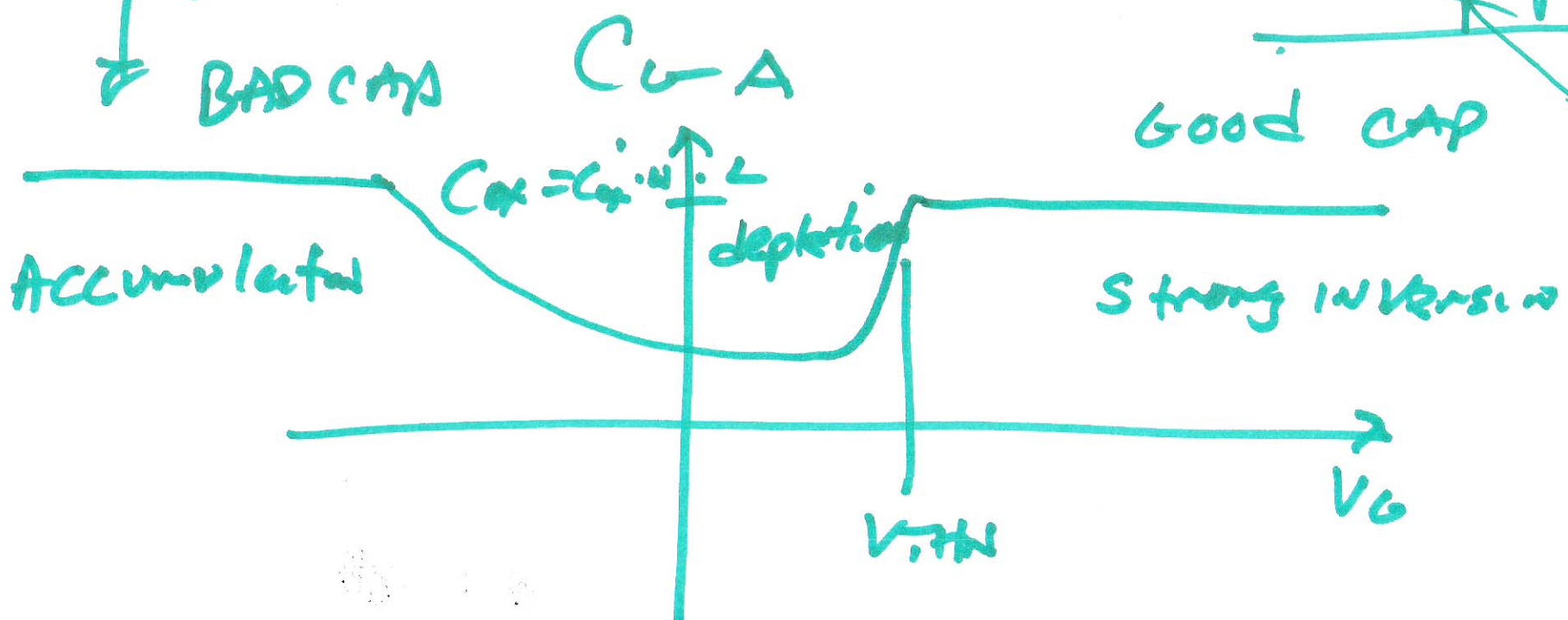
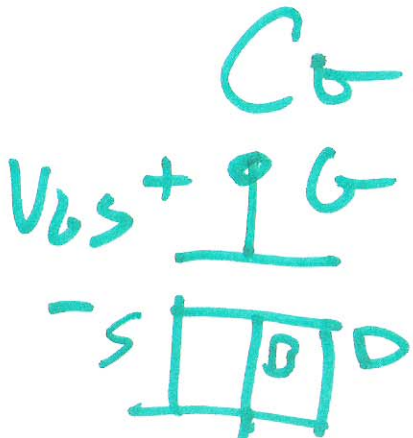
b)

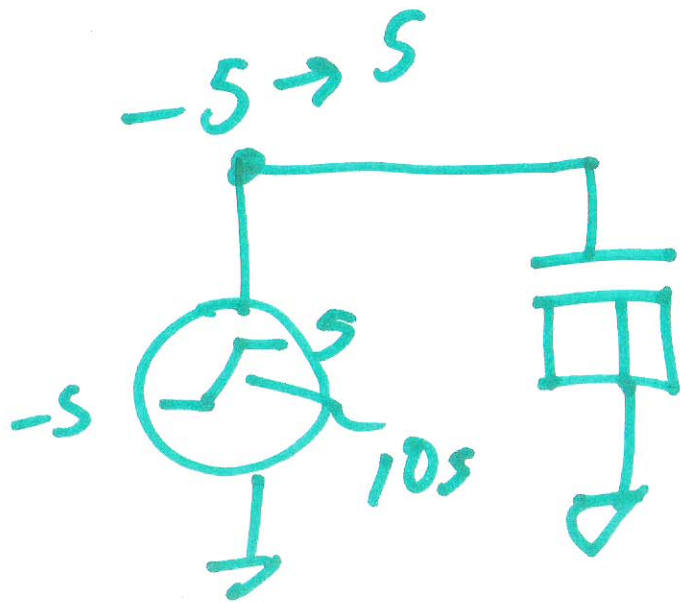
2 lateral diff

# Accumulation

$$C = C_{ox}' \cdot W \cdot L_{eff} + 2 \cdot C_{ox}' \cdot W \cdot LD$$

$$= C_{ox}' \cdot W \cdot L$$





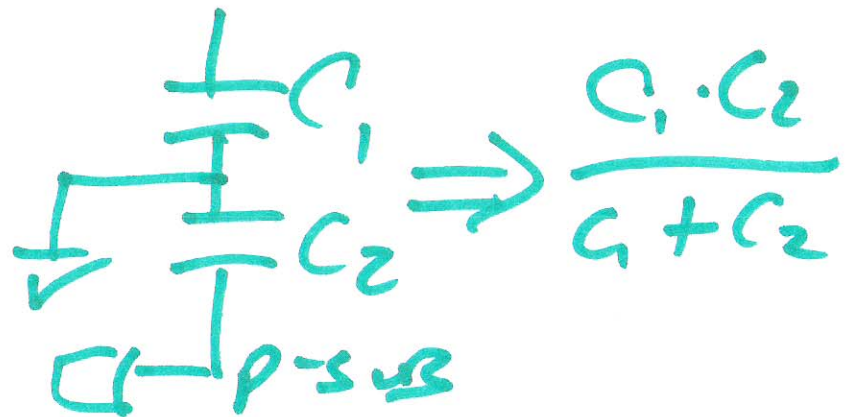
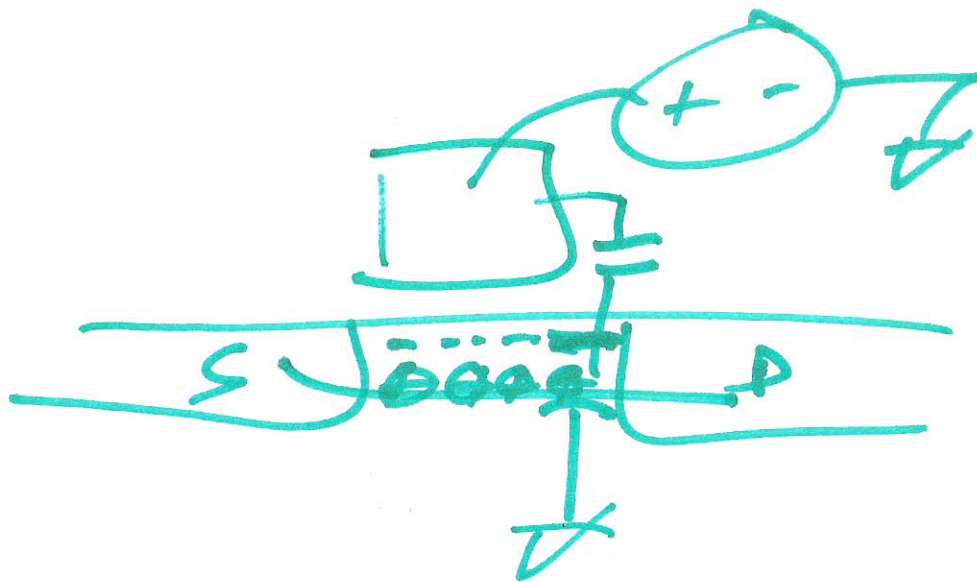
$$\frac{904}{904}$$

$$I = C \frac{dv}{dt}$$

$$C = I \cdot \frac{dt}{dv}$$

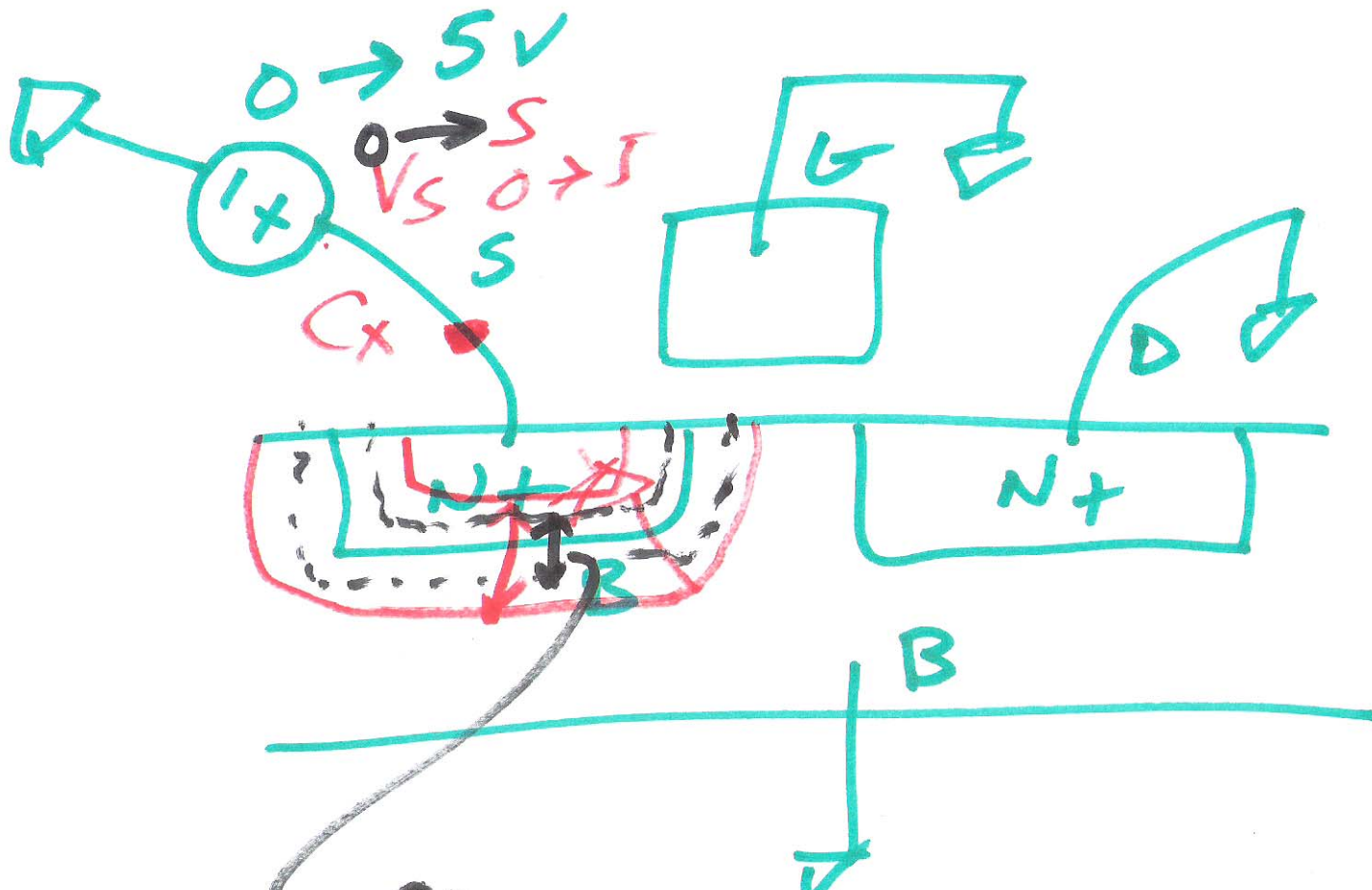
$$C = I \cdot \frac{10s}{10V}$$

$$C = I$$

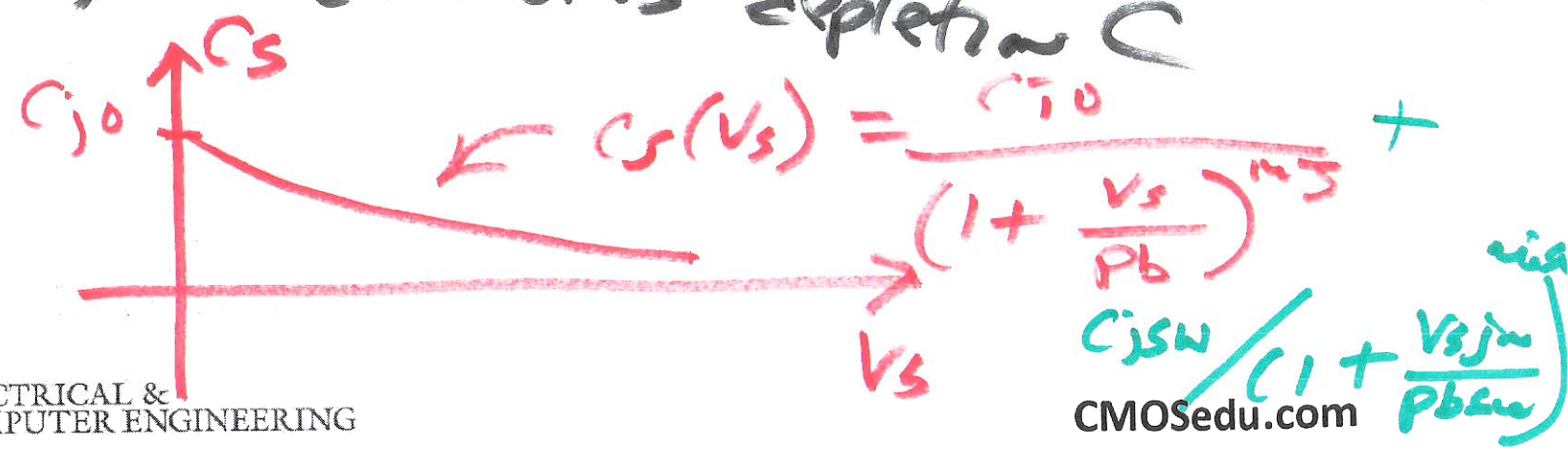


8)





$C_{j0}$  = zero bias depletion C



9)