

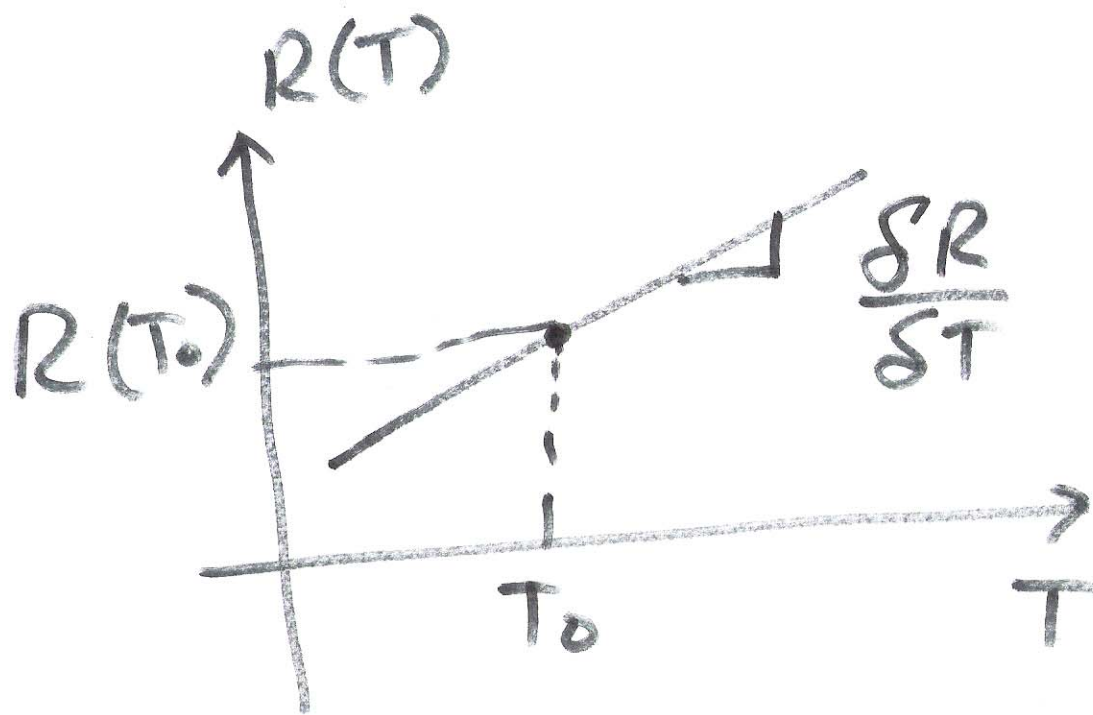
$T \nearrow$   
 $N_i \nearrow$

Resistors  $T \nearrow$   $\mu \searrow$

$$\rho = \frac{1}{(N \mu_n + P \mu_p) q} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} \Omega \cdot \text{cm} \\ \text{electron concentration} \\ \text{Hole concentration} \end{array} \right]$$

Mobility =  $\frac{\text{Velocity cm/s}}{\text{E field V/cm}}$

$$= \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{V}\cdot\text{s}} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} (\text{NO}) \\ \left( \frac{N_D}{N_i} \right)^{-1} \\ \text{Carrier} \\ \text{cm}^3 \end{array} \right] \quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} (\text{NA}) \\ \left( \frac{N_A}{N_i} \right)^{-1} \end{array} \right]$$



$$\text{ppm} = 10^{-6}$$

N-Well  
10K resistor  
at 300K

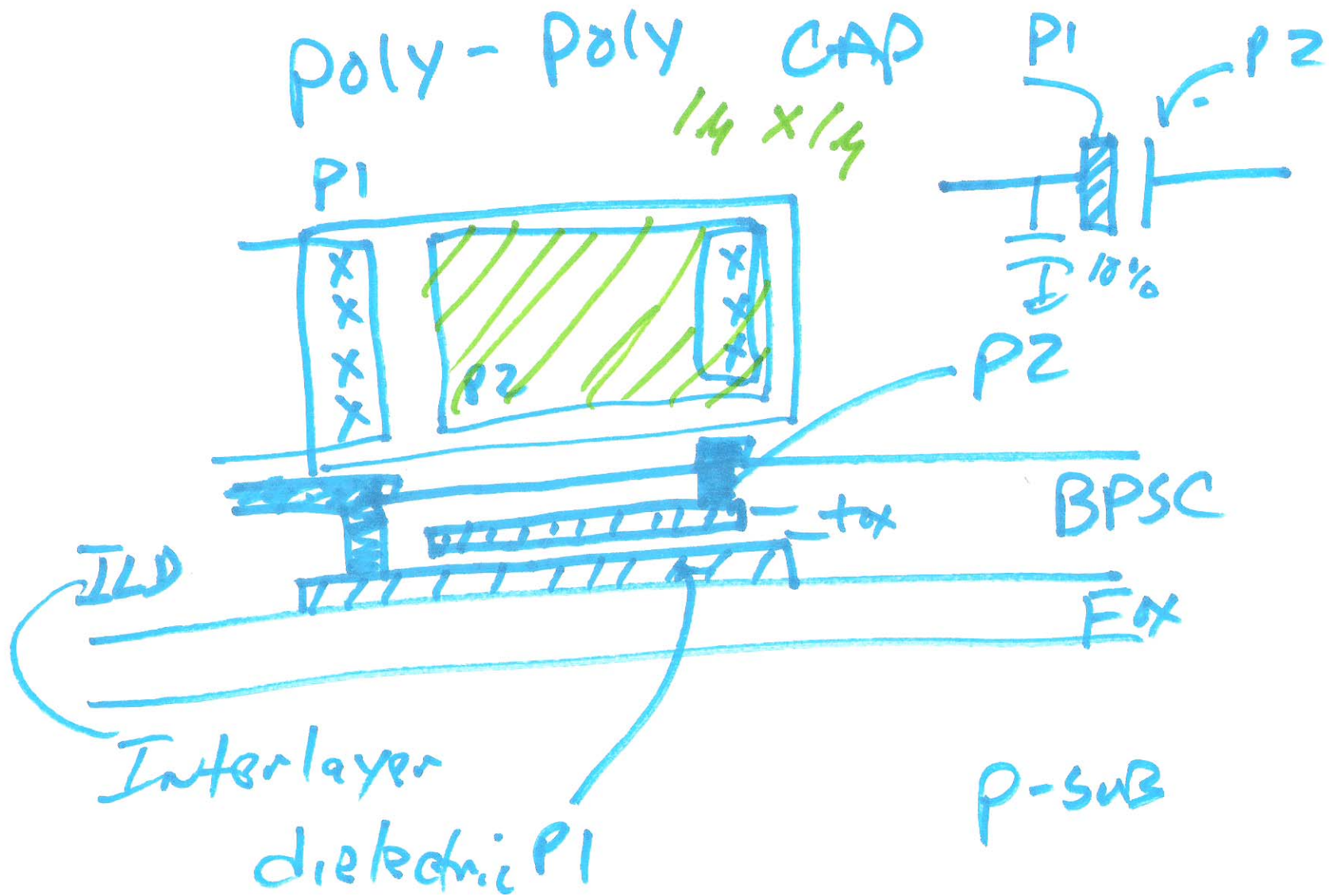
TC = 2,000 ppm/C  
350?

$$R(T) = R(T_0) \left( 1 + \frac{1}{R(T_0)} \frac{\delta R}{\delta T} (T - T_0) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{TCR} &= \frac{1}{R} \frac{\delta R}{\delta T} = 0.002 / ^\circ\text{C} \\ &= 2,000 \frac{\text{ppm}}{^\circ\text{C}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} R(350) &= 10\text{K} (1 + 0.002 (350 - 300)) \\ &= \underline{\underline{11\text{K}}} \end{aligned}$$

2)



3)