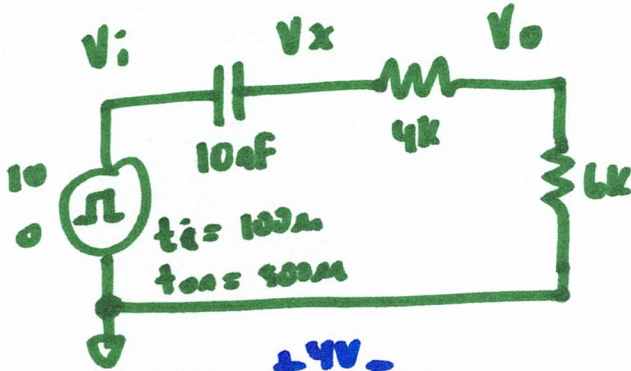
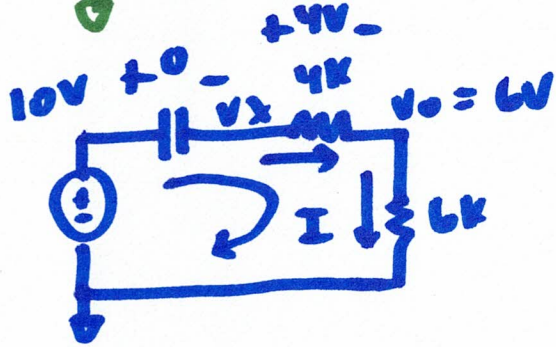


# EE 220: Circuits I

HW14.3B



$\tau = 100\text{ns}$

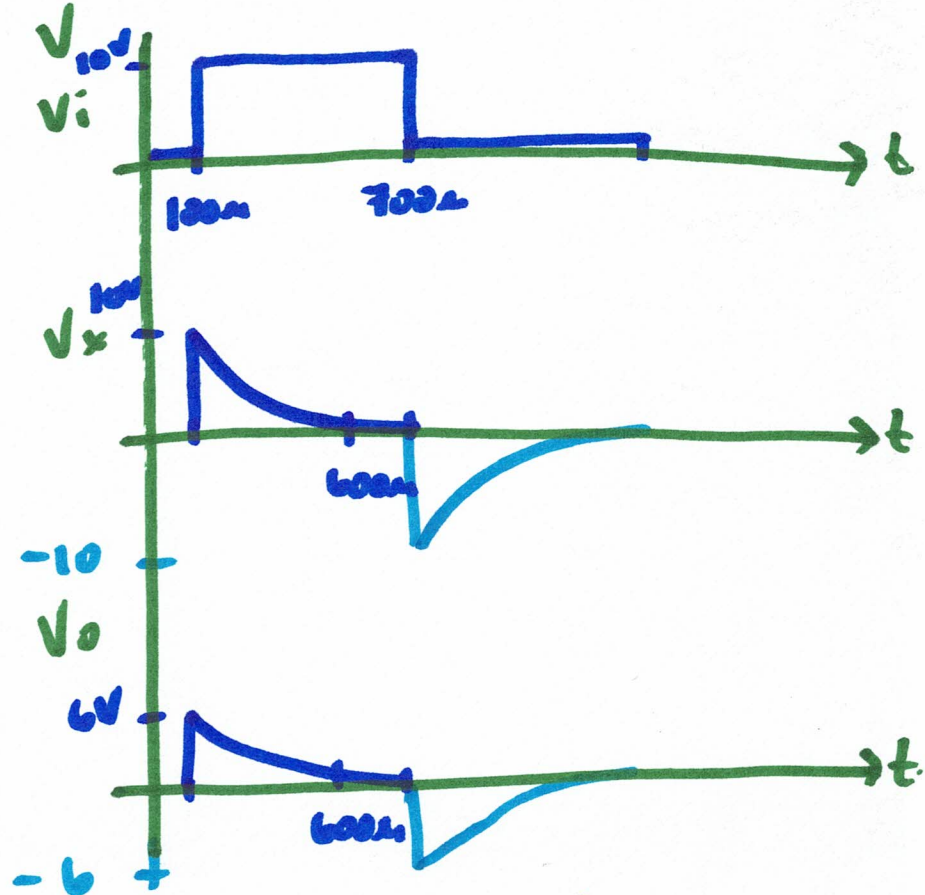


$$10\text{V} + 0 - I \cdot 4\text{k} - I \cdot 6\text{k} = 0$$

$$10\text{V} = I \cdot 10\text{k}$$

$$I = 1\text{mA}$$

$$v(t) = v_f + (v_i - v_f) e^{-t/\tau}$$



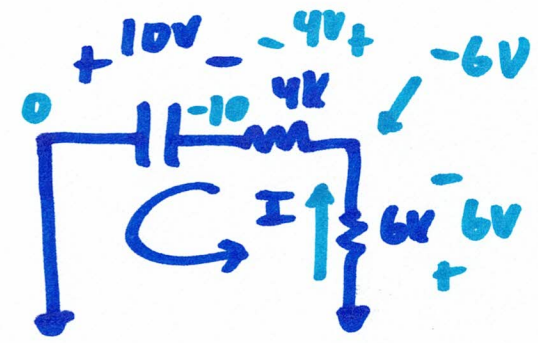
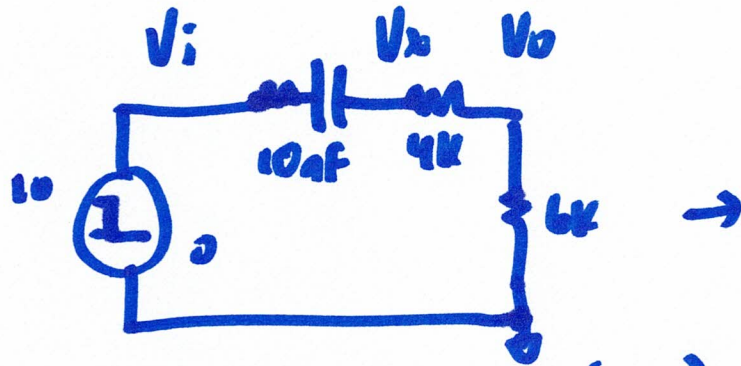
$$V_x: V_i = 10\text{V}, V_f = 0\text{V}$$

$$V_x(t) = 10 e^{-(t-100\text{ns})/100\text{ns}} \quad 100\text{ns} \leq t < 700\text{ns}$$

$$V_o: V_i = 6\text{V}, V_f = 0\text{V}$$

$$V_o(t) = 6 e^{-(t-100\text{ns})/100\text{ns}} \quad 100\text{ns} \leq t < 700\text{ns}$$

HW14.36



$V_x: V_i = -10, V_f = 0$  (KVL)

$-I \cdot 6k - I \cdot 4k + 10V = 0$

$V_0: V_i = -6, V_f = 0$

$10V = I \cdot 10k$   
 $I = 1mA$

$V_x(t) = -10e^{-(t-700\mu s)/100\mu s}$  for  $t \geq 700\mu s$

$$V_x(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 100\mu s \\ 10e^{-(t-100\mu s)/100\mu s}, & 100\mu s \leq t < 700\mu s \\ -10e^{-(t-700\mu s)/100\mu s}, & t \geq 700\mu s \end{cases}$$

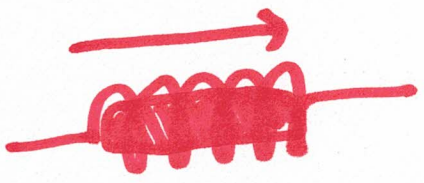
$$\tau_c = R \cdot C$$

$$\tau_L = L/R$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2} C \cdot V^2$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2} L \cdot I^2$$

# Inductors



C (Farads) F



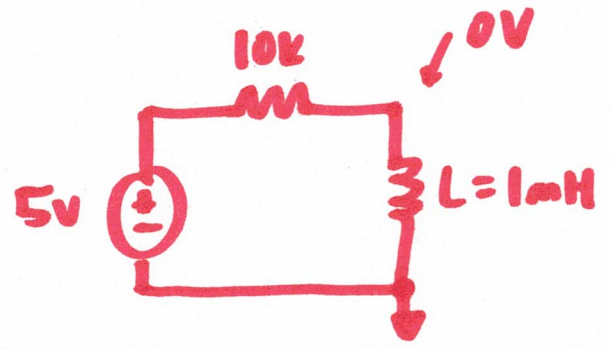
$$I_c = C \cdot \frac{dV_c}{dt}$$

L (Henrys) H

\* open in DC circuit

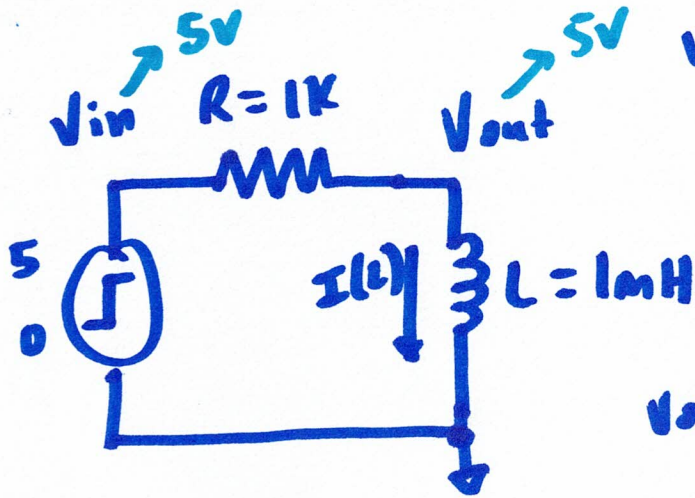
\* short in AC circuits

$$V_L = L \cdot \frac{dI_L}{dt}$$



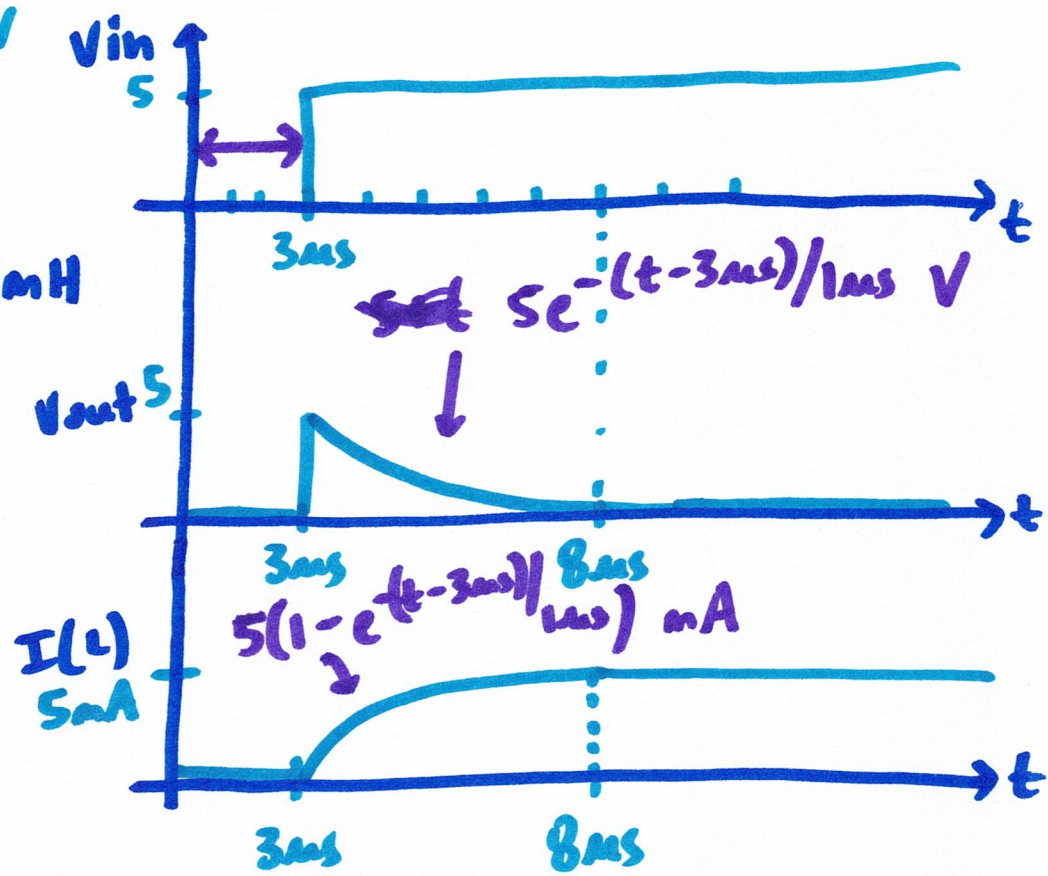
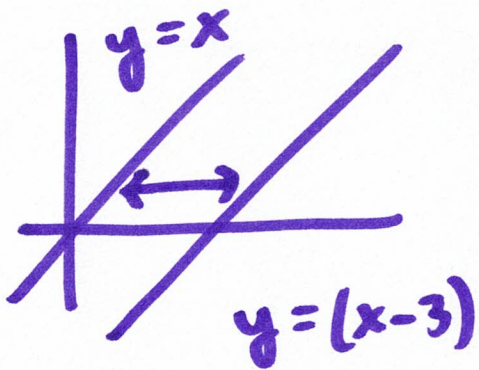
\* store energy in form of a magnetic (B) field

\* store energy in form of electric (E) field



$$V_L = L \cdot \frac{dI_L}{dt}$$

$$\tau = \frac{L}{R} = \frac{1\text{mH}}{1\text{k}\Omega} = 1\mu\text{s}$$



Voltage:  $V(t) = V_f + (V_i - V_f)e^{-t/\tau}$   
 Current:  $I(t) = I_f + (I_i - I_f)e^{-t/\tau}$

