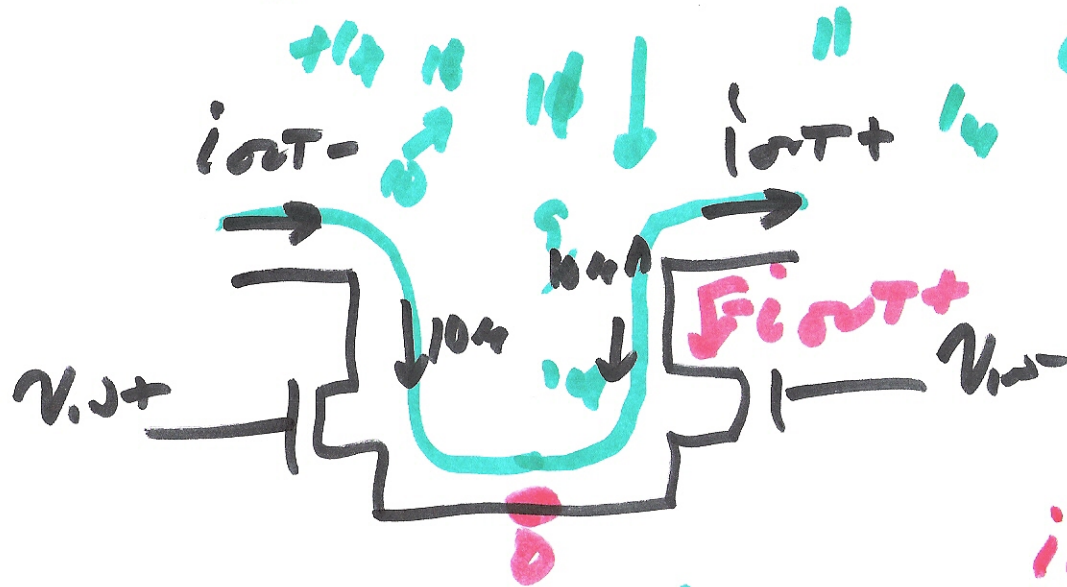


Lecture 14

OCT. 11, 2010

ECE 615 CMOS Mixed-Signal Circuit Design



$$v_{ODT} = -v_{id}$$

$$-i_{ODT+} = g_{mD} \cdot v_{id}$$

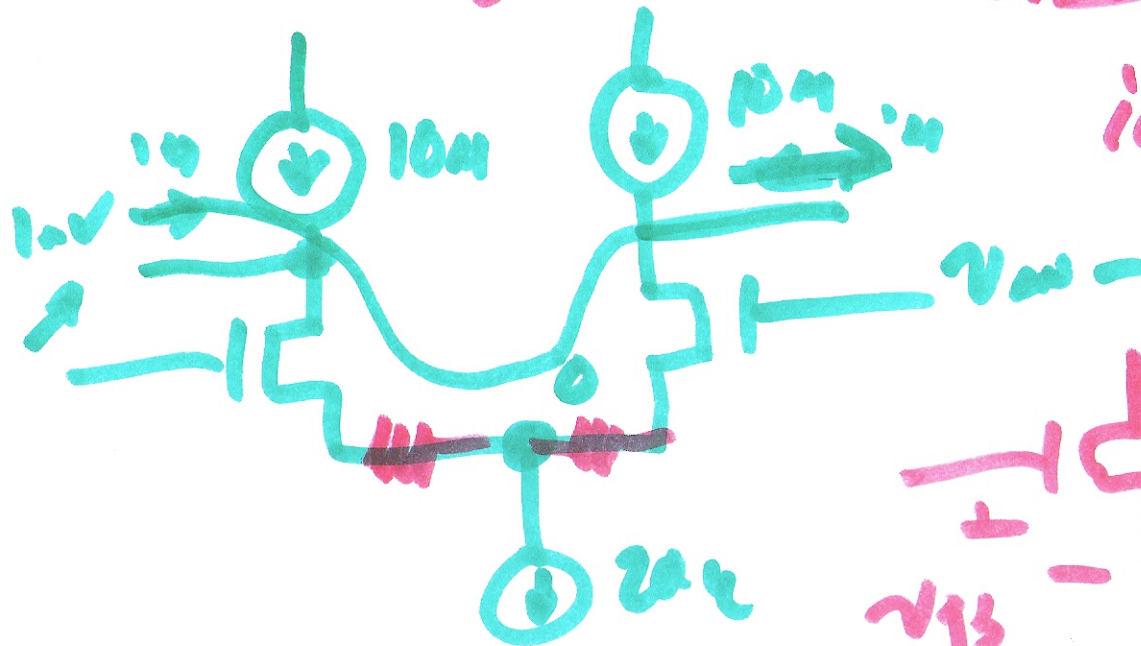
$$i_{ODT-} = g_{mD} \cdot v_{id}$$

$$i_{ODT+} + i_{ODT-} = 0$$

$$i_{ODT+} = \frac{g_{mD}}{2} (v_{ODT} - v_{id})$$

$$g_m = \frac{g_{mD}}{2}$$

$$sfr = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{g_m} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{g_{mD}}{2}}$$



1)

$$V_{ov} = 70 \text{ mV}$$

$$L = 2$$

$$V_{GS} = 350 \text{ mV}$$

$$f_T = 6 \text{ GHz N}$$

$$g_m = 150 \text{ } \mu\text{A/V}$$

$$3 \text{ GHz P}$$

$$@ \omega = 50 \text{ N} \rightarrow 70$$

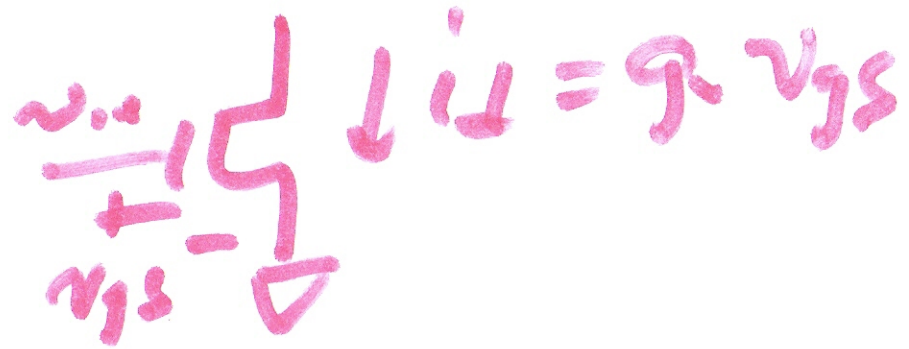
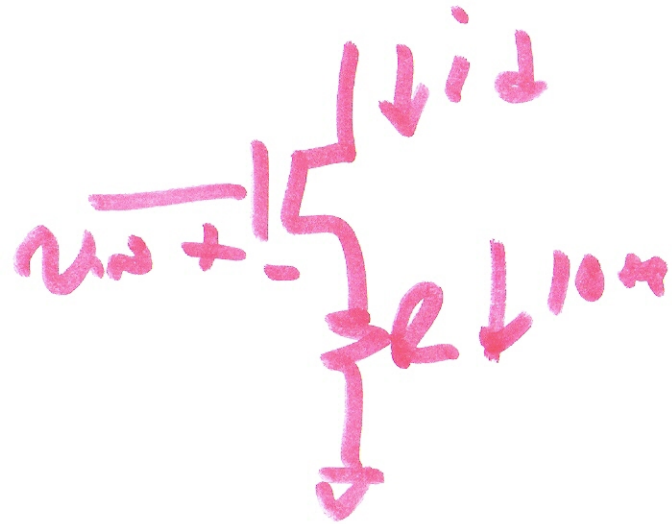
$$= 100 \text{ P} \rightarrow 140$$

$$g_m \propto \omega \cdot V_{ov}$$

$$g_m = \beta (V_{GS} - V_{th})$$

↑ long channel

2)



$$R = 5k \quad v_{gs} = v_{gs} + i_d \cdot R$$

$$v_d = \frac{i_d}{g_m} + i_d \cdot R$$

$$i_d = \frac{1}{R} \cdot v_d = i_d \left(\frac{1}{g_m} + R \right)$$

3)