

Sept. 15, 2010

Lecture 9

$D \cdot V_s = V_o$

$$0 - V_o = L \frac{di_L}{dt}$$

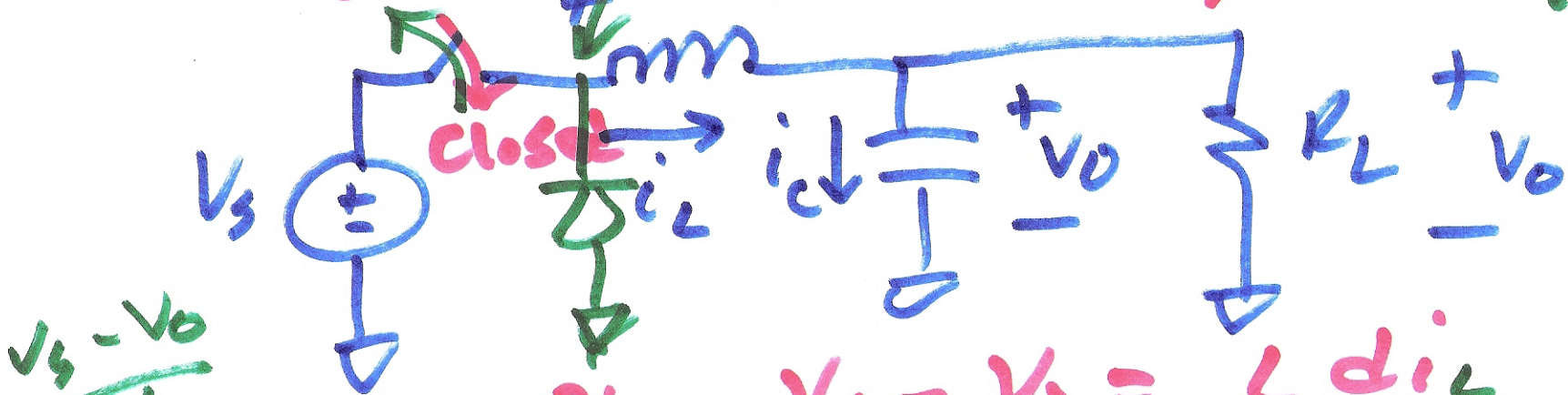
$$i_L(t) = \frac{-V_o \cdot t}{L}$$

Buck converter

switch

$V_L = 0$

$-V_o = C \frac{dv}{dt}$
 $i = C \frac{dv}{dt}$



$$V_L = V_s - V_o = L \frac{di_L}{dt}$$

$$i_L = \frac{V_s - V_o \cdot t}{L}$$

$$\frac{V_s - V_o}{L} \cdot \frac{D}{df}$$

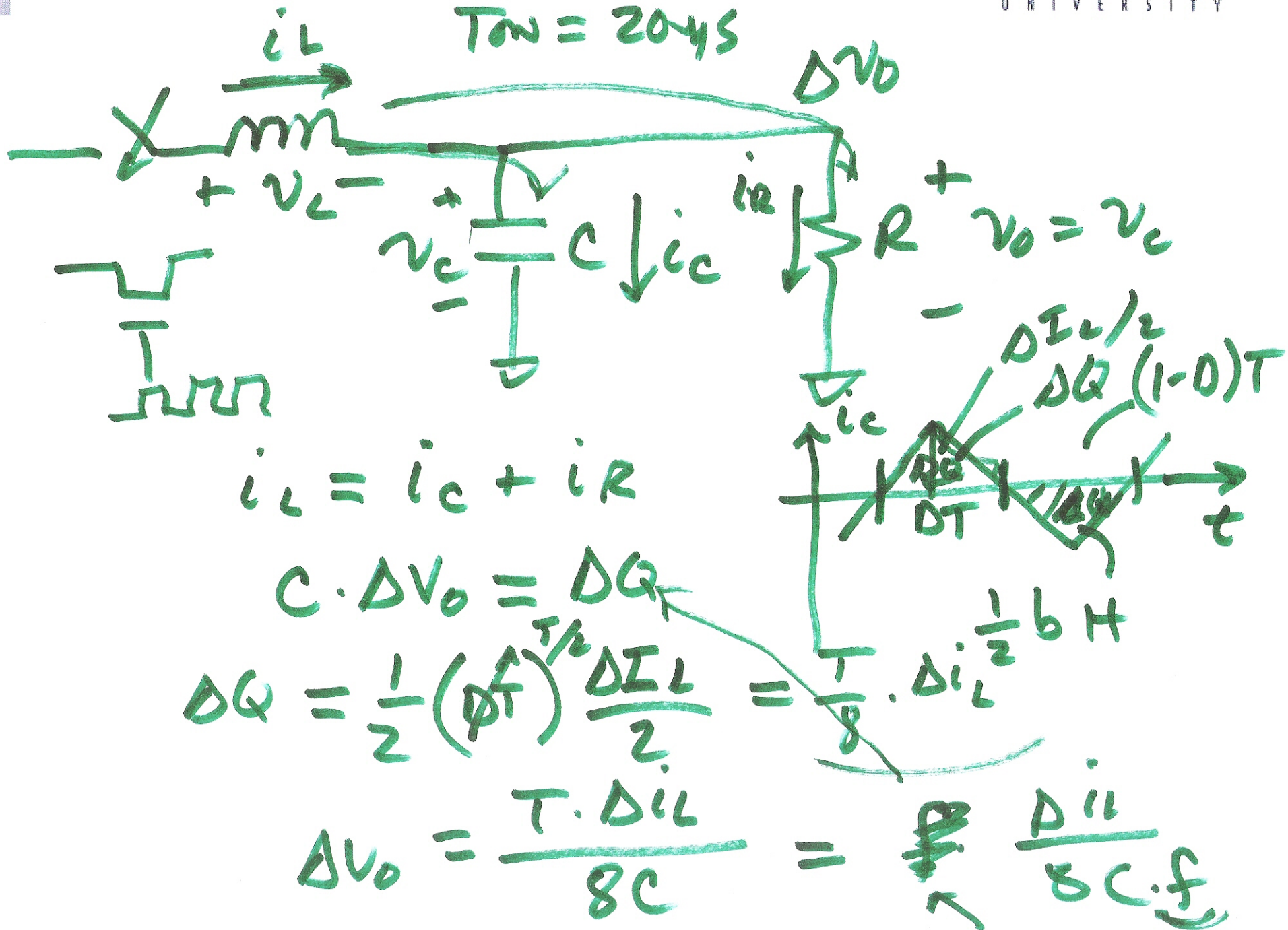
$$\frac{V_s - V_o}{L}$$

$DT = t_{on}$

$(1-D)T = t_{off}$

1)

$$T = 50 \mu s, D = 0.4, CV = Q$$



2)